UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

	FORM 10-Q		
(Mark One)			
	JANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SE	CCURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934	
For the Quarterly Period Ended June 30	, 2025		
	OR		
☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURS	UANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SI	ECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934	
For the Transition Period from	to		
	Commission file number 1-1	2383	
	Rockwell Automa	tion, Inc.	
	(Exact name of registrant as specified	· ·	
D .1			
Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)		25-1797617 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)	
1201 South Second Street			
Milwaukee, Wisconsin (Address of principal executive office	res)	53204 (Zip Code)	
	+1 (414) 382-2000		
	(Registrant's telephone number, including	g area code)	
	Not Applicable (Former name, former address and former fiscal year, i	f changed since last report)	
Securities registered pursuant to Section 12	(b) of the Act:		
Title of each class Common Stock (\$1.00 par value)	Trading Symbol ROK	Name of each exchange on which regi New York Stock Exchange	stered
		Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Auch reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing	
		ctive Data File required to be submitted pursuant h shorter period that the registrant was require	
		filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting er," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging	
Large accelerated filer	abla	Accelerated filer	
Non-accelerated filer		Smaller reporting company Emerging growth company	
	by check mark if the registrant has elected not to ided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange A	use the extended transition period for complying	

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes \square No \square

112,434,397 shares of registrant's Common Stock were outstanding on June 30, 2025.

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ROCKWELL AUTOMATION, INC. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (Unaudited)

(in millions, except per share amounts)

(iii iiiiiioiis, except per sante uniounts)		June 30, 2025	Sep	otember 30, 2024
ASSETS				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	495	\$	471
Receivables		1,867		1,802
Inventories		1,253		1,293
Other current assets		296		315
Total current assets		3,911		3,881
Property, net of accumulated depreciation of \$1,959 and \$1,861, respectively		761		777
Operating lease right-of-use assets		387		423
Goodwill		4,002		3,993
Other intangible assets, net		966		1,066
Deferred income taxes		550		517
Other assets		616		575
Total	\$	11,193	\$	11,232
LIABILITIES AND SHAREOWNERS' EQUITY				
Current liabilities				
Short-term debt	\$	846	\$	771
Current portion of long-term debt		2		307
Accounts payable		840		860
Compensation and benefits		349		259
Contract liabilities		648		584
Customer returns, rebates and incentives		361		347
Other current liabilities		644		476
Total current liabilities		3,690		3,604
Long-term debt		2,617		2,561
Retirement benefits		558		549
Operating lease liabilities		318		356
Other liabilities		382		487
Commitments and contingent liabilities (Note 13)				
Shareowners' equity				
Common stock (\$1.00 par value, shares issued: 141.4 and 181.4, respectively)		141		181
Additional paid-in capital		2,258		2,188
Retained earnings		5,284		9,635
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(737)		(772)
Common stock in treasury, at cost (shares held: 29.0 and 68.3, respectively)		(3,483)		(7,734)
Shareowners' equity attributable to Rockwell Automation, Inc.		3,463		3,498
Noncontrolling interests		165		177
Total shareowners' equity		3,628		3,675
Total	\$	11,193	\$	11,232
	<u> </u>	, , ,		

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

(Unaudited)

(in millions, except per share amounts)

			nths Ended ie 30,	Nine Months Ended June 30,			
		2025	2024	2025	2024		
Sales							
Products and solutions	\$	1,897	\$ 1,810	\$ 5,301	\$ 5,534		
Services		247	241	725	695		
		2,144	2,051	6,026	6,229		
Cost of sales							
Products and solutions		(1,128)	(1,121)	(3,213)	(3,416)		
Services		(140)	(135)	(405)	(390)		
		(1,268)	(1,256)	(3,618)	(3,806)		
Gross profit		876	795	2,408	2,423		
Selling, general and administrative expenses		(498)	(501)	(1,443)	(1,516)		
Change in fair value of investments		_	(5)	(3)	1		
Other income (Note 11)		5	7	11	31		
Interest expense		(41)	(41)	(119)	(114)		
Income before income taxes	·	342	255	854	825		
Income tax provision (Note 15)		(49)	(24)	(135)	(116)		
Net income		293	231	719	709		
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests		(2)	(1)	(12)	(4)		
Net income attributable to Rockwell Automation, Inc.	\$	295	\$ 232	\$ 731	\$ 713		
Earnings per share:							
Basic	\$	2.61	\$ 2.03	\$ 6.45	\$ 6.22		
Diluted	\$	2.60	\$ 2.02	\$ 6.43	\$ 6.19		
Weighted average outstanding shares:	-						
Basic		112.5	113.7	112.8	114.2		
Diluted		113.0	114.2	113.2	114.7		

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(Unaudited) (in millions)

	Three Moi Jun	nths Er e 30,	ıded			s Ended 0,	
	2025		2024	-	2025		2024
Net income	\$ 293	\$	231	\$	719	\$	709
Other comprehensive income (loss)							
Pension and other postretirement benefit plan adjustments (net of tax expense of $\$(2)$, $\$(5)$, and $\$(6)$)	6		_		17		1
Currency translation adjustments	106		(31)		19		9
Net change in cash flow hedges (net of tax benefit of \$6, \$0, \$0, and \$5)	(15)				(1)		(13)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	97		(31)		35		(3)
Comprehensive income	390		200		754		706
Comprehensive loss attributable to noncontrolling interests	(1)		(1)		(12)		(4)
Comprehensive income attributable to Rockwell Automation, Inc.	\$ 391	\$	201	\$	766	\$	710

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited) (in millions)

Nine Months Ended

June 30, 2025 2024 **Operating activities:** \$ 719 709 Net income Adjustments to arrive at cash provided by operating activities Depreciation 126 121 114 115 Amortization of intangible assets 3 Change in fair value of investments (1) Share-based compensation expense 65 75 Retirement benefit expense 31 14 Net loss on disposition and impairment of property 9 1 Pension contributions (8)(19)Changes in assets and liabilities, excluding effects of acquisitions and foreign currency adjustments Receivables (58)310 44 68 Inventories Accounts payable 1 (292)Contract liabilities 65 16 Compensation and benefits 87 (297)Income taxes (130)(294)Other assets and liabilities 22 (94)1,090 432 Cash provided by operating activities **Investing activities:** (160)Capital expenditures (137)Acquisition of businesses, net of cash acquired (749)Purchases of investments (13)(10)Other investing activities (15)(1) (920) (165)Cash used for investing activities Financing activities: 703 (398)Net (repayment) issuance of short-term debt Issuance of short-term debt, net of issuance costs 513 19 Issuance of long-term debt, net of issuance costs 12 Repayment of long-term debt (300)Cash dividends (4444)(429)Purchases of treasury stock (356)(477)Proceeds from the exercise of stock options 78 32 Other financing activities (35)(9)(904)Cash used for financing activities (187)3 Effect of exchange rate changes on cash 24 Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (673)471 1,080 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period 495 407 Cash and cash equivalents at end of period

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF SHAREOWNERS' EQUITY

(Unaudited)

(in millions, except per share amounts)

	C	common stock	Additional d-in capital	Retained earnings	Accumulated other comprehensive loss				stock in treasury, at		to Rockwell		Noncontrolling interests	Total shareowners' equity
Balance at March 31, 2025	\$	141	\$ 2,228	\$ 5,285	\$ (833)	\$	(3,382)	\$	3,439	\$	166	\$ 3,605		
Net income (loss)		_	_	295	_		_		295		(2)	293		
Other comprehensive income		_	_	_	96		_		96		1	97		
Common stock issued (including share-based compensation impact)		_	30	_	_		23		53		_	53		
Share repurchases		_	_	_	_		(124)		(124)		_	(124)		
Cash dividends declared (1)		_	_	(296)	_		_		(296)		_	(296)		
Balance at June 30, 2025	\$	141	\$ 2,258	\$ 5,284	\$ (737)	\$	(3,483)	\$	3,463	\$	165	\$ 3,628		

	ommon stock	 dditional l-in capital	Retained arnings	ecumulated other mprehensive loss	Common stock in easury, at cost	 otal attributable to Rockwell utomation, Inc.	Noncontrolling interests	1	Total shareowners' equity
Balance at March 31, 2024	\$ 181	\$ 2,142	\$ 9,449	\$ (762)	\$ (7,467)	\$ 3,543	\$ 179	\$	3,722
Net income (loss)	_	_	232	_	_	232	(1)		231
Other comprehensive loss	_	_	_	(31)	_	(31)	_		(31)
Common stock issued (including share-based compensation impact)	_	23	_	_	7	30	_		30
Share repurchases	_	_	_	_	(163)	(163)	_		(163)
Cash dividends declared (1)	_	_	(285)	_	_	(285)	_		(285)
Balance at June 30, 2024	\$ 181	\$ 2,165	\$ 9,396	\$ (793)	\$ (7,623)	\$ 3,326	\$ 178	\$	3,504

⁽¹⁾ Cash dividends were \$1.31 per share and \$1.25 per share in the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF SHAREOWNERS' EQUITY

(Unaudited)

(in millions, except per share amounts)

	ommon stock	 dditional I-in capital	Retained earnings	ccumulated other mprehensive loss	Common stock in easury, at cost	tal attributable to Rockwell itomation, Inc.	Noncontrolling interests	Т	otal shareowners' equity
Balance at September 30, 2024	\$ 181	\$ 2,188	\$ 9,635	\$ (772)	\$ (7,734)	\$ 3,498	\$ 177	\$	3,675
Net income (loss)	_	_	731	_	_	731	(12)		719
Other comprehensive income	_	_	_	35	_	35	_		35
Common stock issued (including share-based compensation impact)	_	70	_	_	75	145	_		145
Share repurchases	_	_	_	_	(353)	(353)	_		(353)
Share retirement	(40)	_	(4,489)	_	4,529	_	_		_
Cash dividends declared (1)	_	_	(593)	_	_	(593)	_		(593)
Balance at June 30, 2025	\$ 141	\$ 2,258	\$ 5,284	\$ (737)	\$ (3,483)	\$ 3,463	\$ 165	\$	3,628

	ommon stock	 dditional l-in capital	Retained earnings	ccumulated other mprehensive loss	Common stock in reasury, at cost	 otal attributable to Rockwell automation, Inc.	Noncontrolling interests	Т	otal shareowners' equity
Balance at September 30, 2023	\$ 181	\$ 2,102	\$ 9,255	\$ (790)	\$ (7,187)	\$ 3,561	\$ 182	\$	3,743
Net income (loss)	_	_	713	_	_	713	(4)		709
Other comprehensive loss	_	_	_	(3)	_	(3)	_		(3)
Common stock issued (including share-based compensation impact)	_	63	_	_	45	108	_		108
Share repurchases	_	_	_	_	(481)	(481)	_		(481)
Cash dividends declared (1)	_	_	(572)	_	_	(572)	_		(572)
Balance at June 30, 2024	\$ 181	\$ 2,165	\$ 9,396	\$ (793)	\$ (7,623)	\$ 3,326	\$ 178	\$	3,504

⁽¹⁾ Cash dividends were \$3.93 per share and \$3.75 per share in the nine months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

1. Basis of Presentation and Accounting Policies

In the opinion of management of Rockwell Automation, Inc. (Rockwell Automation or the Company), the unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements contain all adjustments necessary to present fairly the financial position, results of operations, and cash flows for the periods presented and, except as otherwise indicated, such adjustments consist only of those of a normal, recurring nature. These statements should be read in conjunction with our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024. The results of operations for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2025, are not necessarily indicative of the results for the full year. All date references to years and quarters herein refer to our fiscal year and fiscal quarter, unless otherwise stated.

Receivables

We record an allowance for doubtful accounts based on customer-specific analysis and general matters such as current assessments of past due balances and economic conditions. Receivables are recorded net of an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$25 million at June 30, 2025, and \$22 million at September 30, 2024. The changes to our allowance for doubtful accounts during the three and nine months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, were not material and primarily consisted of current-period provisions, write-offs charged against the allowance, recoveries collected, and foreign currency translation.

Earnings Per Share

The following table reconciles basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) amounts (in millions, except per share amounts):

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Nine Months Ended June 30,				
		2025		2024		2025		2024		
Net income attributable to Rockwell Automation, Inc.	\$	295	\$	232	\$	731	\$	713		
Less: Allocation to participating securities		(1)		(1)		(3)		(3)		
Net income available to common shareowners	\$	294	\$	231	\$	728	\$	710		
Basic weighted average outstanding shares		112.5		113.7		112.8		114.2		
Effect of dilutive securities										
Stock options		0.4		0.5		0.4		0.5		
Performance shares		0.1		_	\$	_	\$	_		
Diluted weighted average outstanding shares		113.0		114.2		113.2		114.7		
Earnings per share:										
Basic	\$	2.61	\$	2.03	\$	6.45	\$	6.22		
Diluted	\$	2.60	\$	2.02	\$	6.43	\$	6.19		

For the three and nine months ended June 30, 2025, there were 0.4 million and 1.7 million shares, respectively, related to share-based compensation awards that were excluded from the diluted EPS calculation because they were antidilutive. For both the three and nine months ended June 30, 2024, there were 0.5 million shares related to share-based compensation awards that were excluded from the diluted EPS calculation because they were antidilutive.

Non-Cash Investing and Financing Activities

Capital expenditures of \$20 million and \$30 million were accrued within Accounts payable and Other current liabilities at June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively. At both June 30, 2025 and 2024, there was \$1 million of outstanding common stock share repurchases recorded in Accounts payable that did not settle until the next quarter. These non-cash investing and financing activities have been excluded from cash used for capital expenditures and treasury stock purchases in the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (Unaudited)

Leases

Supplemental cash flow information related to leases consists of (in millions):

		Nine Months June 30	
	2	025	2024
Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for lease obligations			
Operating leases	\$	39 \$	119
Finance leases		—	5

In the nine months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, we realized changes in our right-of-use assets and lease liabilities, both as a result of new leases and existing leases for which we are reasonably certain to exercise future renewal options.

Supplier Financing Arrangements

The Company maintains agreements with third-party financial institutions that offer voluntary supply chain financing (SCF) programs to suppliers. The SCF programs enable suppliers, at their sole discretion, to sell their receivables to third-party financial institutions in order to receive payment on receivables earlier than the negotiated commercial terms between suppliers and the Company. Supplier sale of receivables to third-party financial institutions is on terms negotiated between the supplier and the respective third-party financial institution. The Company agrees on commercial terms for the goods and services procured from suppliers, including prices, quantities, and payment terms, regardless of whether the supplier elects to participate in the SCF programs. A supplier's voluntary participation in the SCF programs has no bearing on the Company's payment terms and the Company has no economic interest in a supplier's decision to participate in the SCF programs. The Company agrees to pay participating third-party financial institutions the stated amount of confirmed invoices from suppliers on the original maturity dates of the invoices. Amounts outstanding related to SCF programs are included in Accounts payable in the Consolidated Balance Sheet and in changes in Accounts payable on the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows. Accounts payable included approximately \$67 million and \$77 million related to these agreements as of June 30, 2025, and September 30, 2024, respectively. The impact of these programs is not material to the Company's overall liquidity.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In November 2023, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2023-07, which requires expanded interim and annual disclosures of segment information regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker (CODM), the title and position of the CODM, an explanation of how the CODM uses the information in assessing segment performance and deciding how to allocate resources, and an amount for other segment items by reportable segment and a description of its composition. We will expand our disclosures in our 2025 Annual Report on Form 10-K when the standard becomes effective for us.

In December 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-09, which requires expanded annual disclosures to the income tax rate reconciliation and the amount of income taxes paid. We will expand our disclosures in our 2026 Annual Report on Form 10-K when the standard becomes effective for us.

In November 2024, the FASB issued ASU 2024-03, which requires disclosure of certain expense amounts comprising Cost of sales and Selling, general and administrative expenses, as well as a qualitative description of the remaining expense amounts. In January 2025, the FASB issued ASU 2025-01, which clarified the effective date of this standard. We will expand our disclosures in our 2028 Annual Report on Form 10-K when the standard becomes effective for

We do not expect any other recently issued accounting pronouncements to have a material impact on our Consolidated Financial Statements and related disclosures.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (Unaudited)

2. Revenue Recognition

Substantially all of our revenue is from contracts with customers. We recognize revenue as promised products are transferred to, or services are performed for, customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which we expect to be entitled in exchange for those products and services. Our offerings consist of industrial automation and information products, solutions, and services.

Our products include hardware, software, and configured-to-order products. Our solutions include custom-engineered systems and software. Our services include customer technical support and repair, asset management and optimization consulting, and training. Also included in our services is a portion of revenue related to spare parts that are managed within our services offering.

Our operations are comprised of the Intelligent Devices segment, the Software & Control segment, and the Lifecycle Services segment. Revenue from the Intelligent Devices segment is predominantly comprised of product sales, which are recognized at a point in time. Revenue from the Software & Control segment is comprised of product sales, which are recognized at a point in time, and software products, which may be recognized over time if certain criteria are met. Revenue from the Lifecycle Services segment is predominantly comprised of solutions and services, which are primarily recognized over time. See Note 16 for more information.

In most countries, we sell primarily through independent distributors in conjunction with our direct sales force. We sell large systems and service offerings principally through our direct sales force, though opportunities are sometimes identified through distributors.

Unfulfilled Performance Obligations

As of June 30, 2025, we expect to recognize approximately \$1,405 million of revenue in future periods from unfulfilled performance obligations from existing contracts with customers. We expect to recognize revenue of approximately \$830 million from our remaining performance obligations over the next 12 months with the remaining balance recognized thereafter.

We have applied the practical expedient to exclude the value of remaining performance obligations for (i) contracts with an original term of one year or less and (ii) contracts for which we recognize revenue in proportion to the amount we have the right to invoice for services performed. The amounts above also do not include the impact of contract renewal options that are unexercised as of June 30, 2025.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (Unaudited)

Disaggregation of Revenue

The following table presents our revenue disaggregation by geographic region for our three operating segments (in millions). We attribute sales to the geographic regions based on the country of destination.

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2025							Three Months Ended June 30, 2024									
	telligent Devices	S	oftware & Control		Lifecycle Services		Total		Intelligent Devices		Software & Control		Lifecycle Services		Total		
North America	\$ 636	\$	431	\$	287	\$	1,354	\$	636	\$	336	\$	296	\$	1,268		
Europe, Middle East, and Africa	160		94		138		392		144		76		136		356		
Asia Pacific	103		70		93		266		99		58		103		260		
Latin America	69		34		29		132		78		43		46		167		
Total Company Sales	\$ 968	\$	629	\$	547	\$	2,144	\$	957	\$	513	\$	581	\$	2,051		

	Nine Months Ended June 30, 2025						Nine Months Ended June 30, 2024								
		itelligent Devices	S	Software & Control		Lifecycle Services	Total		Intelligent Devices		Software & Control		Lifecycle Services		Total
North America	\$	1,755	\$	1,199	\$	838	\$ 3,792	\$	1,877	\$	1,085	\$	847	\$	3,809
Europe, Middle East, and Africa		446		245		391	1,082		469		272		402		1,143
Asia Pacific		275		177		292	744		297		207		302		806
Latin America		194		105		109	408		215		122		134		471
Total Company Sales	\$	2,670	\$	1,726	\$	1,630	\$ 6,026	\$	2,858	\$	1,686	\$	1,685	\$	6,229

Contract Liabilities

Contract liabilities primarily relate to consideration received in advance of performance under the contract.

Below is a summary of our Contract liabilities balance, the portion not expected to be recognized within twelve months is included within Other liabilities in the Consolidated Balance Sheet (in millions):

	Jun	e 30, 2025	Jur	ie 30, 2024
Balance as of beginning of year	\$	653	\$	654
Balance as of end of period		720		669

The most significant changes in our Contract liabilities balance during the nine months ended June 30, 2025, and June 30, 2024, were due to amounts billed during the period, partially offset by revenue recognized on amounts billed during the period and revenue recognized that was included in the Contract liabilities balance at the beginning of the period.

In the nine months ended June 30, 2025, we recognized revenue of approximately \$538 million that was included in the Contract liabilities balance at September 30, 2024. In the nine months ended June 30, 2024, we recognized revenue of approximately \$487 million that was included in the Contract liabilities balance at September 30, 2023. We did not have a material amount of revenue recognized in the nine months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, from performance obligations satisfied or partially satisfied in previous periods.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (Unaudited)

3. Share-Based Compensation

We recognized \$21 million and \$65 million of pre-tax share-based compensation expense during the three and nine months ended June 30, 2025, respectively. We recognized \$24 million and \$75 million of pre-tax share-based compensation expense during the three and nine months ended June 30, 2024, respectively. Our annual grant of share-based compensation takes place during the first quarter of each year. The number of shares granted to employees and non-employee directors and the weighted average fair value per share during the periods presented were (in thousands, except per share amounts):

		Nir	e Months En	ded June 30,				
	2	2025)24		
	Grants	Wtd. Avg Share Grants Fair Valu				Wtd. Avg. Share Fair Value		
Stock options	190	\$	93	217	\$	86		
Performance shares	58		388	79		295		
Restricted stock units	92		294	251		277		
Unrestricted stock	6		297	6		278		

4. Inventories

Inventories consist of (in millions):

	Jur	ie 30, 2025	Sept	ember 30, 2024
Finished goods	\$	484	\$	475
Work in process		335		344
Raw materials		434		474
Inventories	\$	1,253	\$	1,293

5. Acquisitions

2024 Acquisitions

Contingent consideration

Total purchase consideration, net of cash acquired

In October 2023, we acquired Clearpath Robotics, Inc., including its industrial division OTTO Motors (Clearpath), a company that specializes in autonomous robotics for industrial applications, headquartered in Ontario, Canada. We recorded assets acquired and liabilities assumed in connection with this acquisition based on their estimated fair values as of the acquisition date of October 2, 2023. The aggregate purchase price allocation is as follows (in millions):

	Purchase Price Allocation	
Receivables	\$	8
Inventory		22
Goodwill	2	283
Intangible assets	3	313
All other assets		11
Total assets acquired		637
Less: Deferred tax liability		(9)
Less: Liabilities assumed		(19)
Net assets acquired	\$	609
	Purchase Consideration	
Cash consideration, net of cash acquired	\$	566

43 609

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (Unaudited)

Intangible assets identified include \$270 million of technology, \$41 million of trademarks, and \$2 million of customer relationships. We assigned the full amount of goodwill and all other assets acquired to our Intelligent Devices segment. The goodwill recorded represents intangible assets that do not qualify for separate recognition. This goodwill arises because the purchase price for Clearpath reflects a number of factors including the future earnings and cash flow potential for the business and resulting synergies from the business portfolio and industry expertise. We do not expect the goodwill to be deductible for tax purposes. The intangible assets were valued using an income approach, specifically the relief from royalty method and multi-period excess earnings method. The relief from royalty method calculates value based on hypothetical payments that would be saved by owning an asset rather than licensing it. The multi-period excess earnings method is the isolation of cash flows from a single intangible asset and measures fair value by discounting them to present value. These values are considered level 3 measurements under the U.S. GAAP fair value hierarchy. Refer to Note 9 for further information regarding levels in the fair value hierarchy. The key assumption requiring the use of judgement in the valuation of the technology asset was the obsolescence factor, where we estimated a phase out over 12 years; other assumptions included forecasted revenue growth rates and margin and the discount rate. The key assumption requiring the use of judgement in the valuation of the trademarks asset was the weighted average royalty rate of 2.05 percent; other assumptions included forecasted revenue growth rates and the discount rate.

The purchase price included up to \$50 million in contingent consideration that could have been earned by the sellers if Clearpath achieved revenue targets in two performance periods ending February 29, 2024, and February 28, 2025. We developed various risk-based scenarios and a probability outcome model and determined the fair value to be \$43 million as of the acquisition date, which is considered a level 3 measurement under the U.S. GAAP fair value hierarchy. We updated the fair value measures quarterly during the performance periods to reflect actual results and remaining expected contingent consideration that could be earned.

The following table presents the fair value of the contingent consideration in the Consolidated Balance Sheet (in millions):

	Period ended February 29, 2024	Period ended February 28, 2025	Total
Contingent consideration as of December 31, 2023	\$ 17	\$ 26	\$ 43
Adjustment for earnout achieved for first performance period	(7)	_	(7)
Adjustment to fair value	_	(21)	(21)
Payment of earnout achieved for first performance period	(10)		(10)
Contingent consideration as of September 30, 2024	\$	\$ 5	\$ 5
Adjustment for earnout forfeited for second performance period	_	(5)	(5)
Contingent consideration as of June 30, 2025	\$	\$	\$

No consideration was earned or paid for the second performance period. The consideration for the amount earned for the first performance period was paid during the third quarter of 2024.

In November 2023, we acquired Verve Industrial Protection (Verve), a cybersecurity software and services company that focuses specifically on industrial environments. We recorded assets acquired and liabilities assumed in connection with this acquisition based on their estimated fair values as of the acquisition date of November 1, 2023. The aggregate purchase price allocation is as follows (in millions):

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (Unaudited)

	Puro	chase Price Allocation
Receivables	\$	8
Goodwill		133
Intangible assets		47
All other assets		1
Total assets acquired		189
Less: Liabilities assumed		(6)
Net assets acquired	\$	183
	Pur	chase Consideration
Total purchase consideration, net of cash acquired	\$	183

We assigned the full amount of goodwill to our Lifecycle Services segment. We expect the goodwill to be deductible for tax purposes. The goodwill recorded represents intangible assets that do not qualify for separate recognition.

Pro forma consolidated sales for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2024, were \$2.1 billion and \$6.2 billion, respectively, and the impact on earnings was not material. The preceding pro forma consolidated financial results of operations are as if the preceding 2024 acquisitions occurred on October 1, 2023. The pro forma information is presented for informational purposes only and is not indicative of the results of operations that would have been achieved had the transaction occurred as of that time.

Total sales from all of the above 2024 acquisitions in the three and nine months ended June 30, 2024, were \$13 million and \$60 million, respectively. Total acquisition-related costs from all of the above 2024 acquisitions in the three and nine months ended June 30, 2024, were not material. Net losses from all the above 2024 acquisitions in the three and nine months ended June 30, 2024, were \$9 million and \$43 million, respectively.

6. Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

Changes in the carrying amount of Goodwill for the nine months ended June 30, 2025, were (in millions):

	Intelli	Intelligent Devices S		Software & Control		Lifecycle Services		Total
Balance as of September 30, 2024	\$	900	\$	2,437	\$	656	\$	3,993
Translation		4		3		2		9
Balance as of June 30, 2025	\$	904	\$	2,440	\$	658	\$	4,002
Gross carrying value of goodwill	\$	904	\$	2,440	\$	816	\$	4,160
Accumulated impairment losses		_				(158)		(158)
Goodwill	\$	904	\$	2,440	\$	658	\$	4,002
					-		_	

We performed our annual evaluation of goodwill and indefinite life intangible assets for impairment as of the beginning of the second quarter of fiscal 2025 and concluded that these assets are not impaired. For our annual evaluation, we performed qualitative tests for our Intelligent Devices, Software & Control, and Lifecycle Services (excluding Sensia) reporting units and a quantitative test for our Sensia reporting unit. We also assessed the changes in events and circumstances subsequent to our annual test and concluded that no triggering events, which would require interim quantitative testing, occurred.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (Unaudited)

Other intangible assets consist of (in millions):

	June 30, 2025							
		Carrying Amount		Accumulated Amortization		Net		
Amortized intangible assets				_				
Software products	\$	109	\$	81	\$	28		
Customer relationships		622		221		401		
Technology		704		289		415		
Trademarks		136		58		78		
Other		6		6		_		
Total amortized intangible assets		1,577		655		922		
Allen-Bradley® trademark not subject to amortization		44		_		44		
Other intangible assets	\$	1,621	\$	655	\$	966		

		Septemb	er 30, 2024	
	Carrying Amount		nulated tization	Net
Amortized intangible assets				
Software products	\$ 105	\$	76	\$ 29
Customer relationships	619		187	432
Technology	729		257	472
Trademarks	132		44	88
Other	6		5	1
Total amortized intangible assets	1,591		569	1,022
Allen-Bradley® trademark not subject to amortization	44		_	44
Other intangible assets	\$ 1,635	\$	569	\$ 1,066

Estimated total amortization expense for all amortized intangible assets is \$152 million in 2025, \$150 million in 2026, \$141 million in 2027, \$129 million in 2028, and \$89 million in 2029.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (Unaudited)

7. Short-Term and Long-Term Debt

Our Short-term debt as of June 30, 2025, included commercial paper borrowings of \$260 million, with a weighted average interest rate of 4.51 percent, and a weighted average maturity period of 11 days. Our Short-term debt as of September 30, 2024, included commercial paper borrowings of \$657 million, with a weighted average interest rate of 5.14 percent, and a weighted average maturity period of 24 days. In December 2022, Sensia entered into an unsecured \$75 million line of credit. As of June 30, 2025, and September 30, 2024, included in Short-term debt was \$70 million borrowed against the line of credit with an interest rate of 5.32 percent and 6.17 percent, respectively. Also included in Short-term debt as of June 30, 2025, and September 30, 2024, was \$14 million and \$42 million, respectively, of interest-bearing loans from Schlumberger (SLB) to Sensia. In April 2025, \$14 million of new interest-bearing loans from SLB to Sensia were entered into and are due October 15, 2025. The loans outstanding as of September 30, 2024, were extended to October 15, 2026, and are included in Long-term debt as of June 30, 2025.

In May 2025, we entered into a \$500 million senior unsecured 364-day term loan credit agreement and were advanced the full loan amount. This agreement is in addition to our existing \$1.5 billion unsecured revolving credit facility expiring in June 2027, which remains outstanding and undrawn. Borrowings under this term loan bear interest based on Secured Overnight Financing Rates (SOFR) in effect during the period the borrowings are outstanding, and the interest rate as of June 30, 2025, was 5.45 percent. The term loan agreement contains covenants similar to those under our \$1.5 billion unsecured revolving credit facility, under which we agree to maintain an EBITDA-to-interest ratio of at least 3.0 to 1.0. The EBITDA-to-interest ratio is defined in the term loan agreement as the ratio of consolidated EBITDA (as defined in the term loan agreement) for the preceding four quarters to consolidated interest expense for the same period.

The following table presents the carrying amounts and estimated fair values of Long-term debt in the Consolidated Balance Sheet (in millions):

	June 30, 2025				September 30, 2024				
	Carrying Value			Fair Value		Carrying Value		Fair Value	
Current portion of long-term debt	\$	2	\$	2	\$	307	\$	305	
Long-term debt		2,617		2,286		2,561		2,334	

We base the fair value of Long-term debt upon quoted market prices for the same or similar issues and therefore consider this a level 2 fair value measurement. The fair value of Long-term debt considers the terms of the debt excluding the impact of derivative and hedging activity. Refer to Note 9 for further information regarding levels in the fair value hierarchy. The carrying value of our Short-term debt approximates fair value.

8. Other Current Liabilities

Other current liabilities consist of (in millions):

	Jun	e 30, 2025	Sept	ember 30, 2024
Unrealized losses on foreign exchange contracts	\$	26	\$	29
Product warranty obligations		24		24
Taxes other than income taxes		43		53
Accrued interest		39		18
Dividends payable		151		3
Income taxes payable		161		139
Operating lease liabilities		92		90
Other		108		120
Other current liabilities	\$	644	\$	476

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (Unaudited)

9. Investments

Our investments consist of (in millions):

	June 30, 2025	September 30, 2024
Equity securities (other)	105	106
Other	76	63
Long-term investments (1)	\$ 181	\$ 169

⁽¹⁾ Long-term investments are included in Other assets in the Consolidated Balance Sheet.

Equity Securities

Equity securities (other) consist of various securities that do not have a readily determinable fair value, which we account for using the measurement alternative under U.S. GAAP. These securities are recorded at the investment cost, less impairment, plus or minus observable price changes (in orderly transactions) of an identical or similar investment of the same issuer in the Consolidated Balance Sheet. Observable price changes are classified as level 2 in the fair value hierarchy, as described below. The carrying values at both June 30, 2025, and September 30, 2024, included cumulative upward adjustments from observed price changes of \$23 million. The carrying values at June 30, 2025, and September 30, 2024, included cumulative downward adjustments from observed price changes and impairments of \$11 million and \$7 million, respectively.

U.S. GAAP defines fair value as the price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (exit price) in an orderly transaction between market participants in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability. U.S. GAAP also classifies the inputs used to measure fair value into the following hierarchy:

Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Quoted prices in active markets for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, or inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The methods described above may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, while we believe our valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date. We did not have any transfers between levels of fair value measurements during the periods presented.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (Unaudited)

10. Retirement Benefits

The components of net periodic pension and postretirement benefit cost were (in millions):

Pension Benefits							
Three Months Ended June 30,				Nine Months Ended June 30,			
2025		20	24		2025		2024
\$	10	\$	8	\$	31	\$	27
	34		37		102		110
	(42)		(42)		(125)		(127)
	7				20		_
\$	9	\$	3	\$	28	\$	10
		2025 \$ 10 34	June 30, 2025 20 \$ 10 \$ 34	Three Months Ended June 30, 2025 2024 \$ 10 \$ 8 34 37	Three Months Ended June 30, 2025 2024 \$ 10 \$ 8 \$ 34 37	June 30, June 30, 2025 2024 2025 \$ 10 \$ 8 \$ 31 34 37 102 (42) (42) (125) 7 — 20	Three Months Ended June 30, Nine Months En June 30, 2025 2024 2025 \$ 10 \$ 8 \$ 31 \$ 102 34 37 102 (42) (125) 7 — 20 20

	Other Postretirement Benefits							
	 Three Months Ended June 30,				Nine Months Ended June 30,			
	 2025	2	024		2025		2024	
Service cost	\$ 	\$	1	\$		\$	1	
Interest cost	1		1		1		2	
Amortization of net actuarial loss	_		_		2		1	
Net periodic postretirement benefit cost	\$ 1	\$	2	\$	3	\$	4	

The service cost component is included in Cost of sales and Selling, general and administrative expenses in the Consolidated Statement of Operations. All other components are included in Other income in the Consolidated Statement of Operations.

11. Other Income

The components of Other income were (in millions):

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Nine Months Ended June 30,			
		2025		2024		2025		2024
Interest income	\$	4	\$	3	\$	10	\$	12
Royalty income		3		3		9		9
Legacy product liability and environmental charges		(4)		(3)		(13)		(11)
Non-operating pension and postretirement benefit credit		_		4		_		14
Fair value adjustments for earnout payments (Note 5)		_		_		(5)		(7)
Other		2		_		10		14
Other income	\$	5	\$	7	\$	11	\$	31

12. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss

Common Stock

In the nine months ended June 30, 2025, we retired 40 million shares of common stock that we held in our treasury. These shares are now designated as authorized and unissued.

Changes in Accumulated other comprehensive loss attributable to Rockwell Automation by component for the following periods were (in millions):

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (Unaudited)

Three Months Ended June 30, 2025	Pension a postretirem plan adjustn ta	ent benefit nents, net of	Accumulated currency translation adjustments, net of tax	Net unrealized lo on cash flow hed net of tax		other co	accumulated omprehensive net of tax
Balance as of March 31, 2025	\$	(420)	\$ (382)	\$	(31)	\$	(833)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications		_	105		(16)		89
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss		6	_		1		7
Other comprehensive income (loss)		6	105		(15)		96
Balance as of June 30, 2025	\$	(414)	\$ (277)	\$	(46)	\$	(737)
Nine Months Ended June 30, 2025	Pension a postretirem plan adjustn ta	ent benefit nents, net of	Accumulated currency translation adjustments, net of tax	Net unrealized lo on cash flow hed net of tax		other co	accumulated omprehensive net of tax
Balance as of September 30, 2024	\$	(431)	\$ (296)	\$	(45)	\$	(772)
Other comprehensive income before reclassifications		_	19		3		22
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss		17	_		(4)		13
Other comprehensive income (loss)		17	19		(1)		35
Balance as of June 30, 2025	\$	(414)	\$ (277)	\$	(46)	\$	(737)
Three Months Ended June 30, 2024	Pension a postretirem plan adjustn ta	ent benefit	Accumulated currency	Net unrealized lo	2505	Total s	ccumulated
			translation adjustments, net of tax	on cash flow hed net of tax		other co	omprehensive net of tax
Balance as of March 31, 2024	\$		s (325)	net of tax		other co	mprehensive
Other comprehensive (loss) income before reclassifications	\$	x	adjustments, net of tax	net of tax	lges,	other co loss,	omprehensive net of tax
Other comprehensive (loss) income before reclassifications Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss	\$	x	s (325)	net of tax	(31)	other co loss,	omprehensive net of tax (762) (27) (4)
Other comprehensive (loss) income before reclassifications		x	adjustments, net of tax (325) (31) (31)	net of tax	(31) 4 (4)	other co loss,	(762) (27) (4) (31)
Other comprehensive (loss) income before reclassifications Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss	\$	x	adjustments, net of tax \$ (325) (31)	net of tax	(31) 4	other co loss,	omprehensive net of tax (762) (27) (4)
Other comprehensive (loss) income before reclassifications Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss Other comprehensive loss		(406) (406) (406) and other tent benefit nents, net of	adjustments, net of tax	net of tax	(31) 4 (4) — (31)	s Total a other co	(762) (27) (4) (31)
Other comprehensive (loss) income before reclassifications Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss Other comprehensive loss Balance as of June 30, 2024	Pension a postretirem plan adjustn	(406) (406) (406) and other tent benefit nents, net of	325 (31)	net of tax \$ Net unrealized loon cash flow hed net of tax	(31) 4 (4) — (31)	s Total a other co	(762) (27) (4) (31) (793)
Other comprehensive (loss) income before reclassifications Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss Other comprehensive loss Balance as of June 30, 2024 Nine Months Ended June 30, 2024	Pension a postretirem plan adjustn ta	(406) (406) (406) and other tent benefit nents, net of x	adjustments, net of tax \$ (325) (31)	net of tax \$ Net unrealized loon cash flow hed net of tax	(31) 4 (4) — (31) osses lges,	s Total a other coloss,	(762) (27) (4) (31) (793)
Other comprehensive (loss) income before reclassifications Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss Other comprehensive loss Balance as of June 30, 2024 Nine Months Ended June 30, 2024 Balance as of September 30, 2023	Pension a postretirem plan adjustn ta	(406) (406) (406) and other tent benefit nents, net of x	Accumulated currency translation adjustments, net of tax Accumulated \$\text{325}\$ Accumulated currency translation adjustments, net of tax} \$\text{365}\$	net of tax \$ Net unrealized loon cash flow hed net of tax \$	(31) 4 (4) — (31) osses lges,	s Total a other coloss,	(762) (27) (4) (31) (793)
Other comprehensive (loss) income before reclassifications Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss Other comprehensive loss Balance as of June 30, 2024 Nine Months Ended June 30, 2024 Balance as of September 30, 2023 Other comprehensive income before reclassifications	Pension a postretirem plan adjustn ta	(406) (406) (406) and other tent benefit nents, net of x (407)	325 (31) (31) (31) (31) (356) (356) (365) (365)	net of tax \$ Net unrealized lo on cash flow hed net of tax \$	(31) 4 (4) (31) (31) osses lges, (18)	s Total a other coloss,	(762) (27) (4) (31) (793) accumulated emprehensive net of tax (790)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (Unaudited)

The reclassifications out of Accumulated other comprehensive loss in the Consolidated Statement of Operations were (in millions):

		Three Moi Jun	Ended	Nine Mon June		Affected Line in the Consolidated Statement of
		2025	2024	2025	2024	Operations
Pension and other postretirement benefit plan adjustments (1)	1					
Amortization of net actuarial loss	\$	7	\$ 	\$ 22	\$ 1	Other income
		7	_	22	1	Income before income taxes
		(1)	_	(5)	_	Income tax provision
	\$	6	\$ 	\$ 17	\$ 1	Net income attributable to Rockwell Automation, Inc.
Net unrealized losses (gains) on cash flow hedges						
Forward exchange contracts	\$	_	\$ (1)	\$ 2	\$ (3)	Sales
Forward exchange contracts		_	(5)	(11)	(18)	Cost of sales
Treasury locks related to 2019 and 2021 debt issuances		1	1	3	3	Interest expense
		1	(5)	(6)	(18)	Income before income taxes
		_	1	2	5	Income tax provision
	\$	1	\$ (4)	\$ (4)	\$ (13)	Net income attributable to Rockwell Automation, Inc.
						_
Accumulated currency translation adjustments	\$	_	\$ _	\$ _	\$ 2	Other income
Total reclassifications	\$	7	\$ (4)	\$ 13	\$ (10)	Net income attributable to Rockwell Automation, Inc.

⁽¹⁾ These components are included in the computation of net periodic pension and postretirement benefit cost. See Note 10 for further information.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (Unaudited)

13. Commitments and Contingent Liabilities

Various lawsuits, claims, and proceedings have been or may be instituted or asserted against us relating to the conduct of our business, including those pertaining to product liability, environmental, safety and health, intellectual property, employment, and contract matters. Although the outcome of litigation cannot be predicted with certainty and some lawsuits, claims, or proceedings may be disposed of unfavorably to us, we believe the disposition of matters that are pending or have been asserted will not have a material effect on our business, financial condition, or results of operations. The following outlines additional background for obligations associated with asbestos, divested businesses, and intellectual property.

We (including our subsidiaries) have been named as a defendant in lawsuits alleging personal injury as a result of exposure to asbestos that was used in certain components of our products many years ago, including products from divested businesses for which we have agreed to defend and indemnify claims. Currently there are lawsuits that name us as defendants, together with hundreds of other companies. But in all cases, for those claimants who do show that they worked with our products or products of divested businesses for which we are responsible, we nevertheless believe we have meritorious defenses, in substantial part due to the integrity of the products, the encapsulated nature of any asbestos-containing components, and the lack of any impairing medical condition caused by our products. We defend those cases vigorously. However, certain of our agreements relating to divested businesses do not provide us the ability to directly control management of those asbestos claims, and our ongoing reimbursement of outside counsel and other expenses relating to defense of such claims represent the vast majority of our annual asbestos net litigation spend. Historically, we have been dismissed from the vast majority of asbestos claims with no payment to claimants.

Additionally, we have maintained insurance coverage that includes indemnity and defense costs, over and above self-insured retentions, for many of these claims. We believe these arrangements will provide substantial coverage for future defense and indemnity costs for these asbestos claims for many years into the future. The uncertainties of asbestos claim litigation make it difficult to predict accurately the ultimate outcome of asbestos claims. That uncertainty is increased by the possibility of adverse rulings or new legislation affecting asbestos claim litigation or the settlement process. Subject to these uncertainties and based on our experience defending asbestos claims, we do not believe these lawsuits will have a material effect on our business, financial condition, or results of operations.

We have, from time to time, divested certain of our businesses. In connection with these divestitures, certain lawsuits, claims, and proceedings may be instituted or asserted against us related to the period that we owned the businesses, either because we agreed to retain certain liabilities related to these periods or because such liabilities fall upon us by operation of law. In some instances, the divested business has assumed the liabilities; however, it is possible that we might be responsible to satisfy those liabilities if the divested business is unable to do so. We do not believe these liabilities will have a material effect on our business, financial condition, or results of operations.

In many countries we provide a limited intellectual property indemnity as part of our terms and conditions of sale and at times in other contracts with third parties. As of June 30, 2025, we were not aware of any material indemnification claims that were probable or reasonably possible of an unfavorable outcome. Historically, claims that have been made under the indemnification agreements have not had a material impact on our business, financial condition, or results of operations; however, to the extent that valid indemnification claims arise in the future, future payments by us could be significant and could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, or results of operations in a particular period.

14. Restructuring Charges

In 2024, we recorded restructuring charges of \$97 million (\$73 million, net of tax or \$0.64 per diluted share) related to actions in conjunction with an enterprise-wide comprehensive program to optimize cost structure and expand margins. The charges included \$92 million for severance benefits and \$5 million for strategic advisory services related to the targeted severance actions. In the Consolidated Statement of Operations for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2024, charges totaled \$70 million. \$23 million of the charges were recorded in Cost of sales, while \$47 million were recorded in Selling, general and administrative expenses.

We expect the total cash expenditures associated with these restructuring actions to be \$97 million. We paid \$10 million and \$36 million during the three and nine months ended June 30, 2025, respectively, and \$17 million during both the three and nine months ended June 30, 2024. Accruals remaining under these restructuring actions were \$34 million and \$70 million at June 30, 2025, and September 30, 2024, respectively.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (Unaudited)

15. Income Taxes

At the end of each interim period, we estimate a base effective tax rate that we expect for the full year based on our most recent forecast of pre-tax income, permanent book and tax differences, and global tax planning strategies. We use this base rate to provide for income taxes on a year-to-date basis, excluding the effect of significant unusual items and items that are reported net of their related tax effects in the period in which they occur.

The effective tax rate was 14.3 percent and 15.8 percent for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2025, respectively, compared to 9.4 percent and 14.1 percent for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2024, respectively. The effective tax rate was lower than the U.S. statutory rate of 21 percent for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2025, and June 30, 2024, primarily due to the geographical mix of pre-tax income and discrete tax benefits.

Our final payment of \$97 million related to the U.S. transition tax under the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017 (the "Tax Act") will be paid in the second quarter of 2026 and is classified in Other current liabilities in the Consolidated Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2025. This amount was classified in Other liabilities in the Consolidated Balance Sheet as of September 30, 2024.

On July 4, 2025, the One Big Beautiful Bill Act ("OBBBA") was enacted in the U.S. The OBBBA includes significant tax related provisions, such as the permanent extension of certain expiring provisions of the Tax Act, modifications to the international tax framework, and the restoration of favorable tax treatment for certain business provisions. The OBBBA has multiple effective dates with the earliest provisions taking effect in fiscal 2025 and others beginning in fiscal 2026 and beyond. ASC 740, "Income Taxes", requires the effects of changes in tax rates and laws on deferred tax balances to be recognized in the period in which the legislation is enacted. Consequently, during the three months ending September 30, 2025, the Company will continue to evaluate all deferred tax balances under the newly enacted tax law and identify any other changes to its financial statements as a result of the OBBBA. We are currently assessing its impact on our consolidated financial statements and the applicable results of our evaluations will be reflected on the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2025.

Unrecognized Tax Benefits

The amount of gross unrecognized tax benefits was \$30 million at June 30, 2025, and \$25 million at September 30, 2024, respectively, of which the entire amount would reduce our effective tax rate if recognized.

Accrued interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits were \$2 million at both June 30, 2025, and September 30, 2024. We recognize interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits in the income tax provision.

We believe it is reasonably possible that the amount of gross unrecognized tax benefits could be reduced by up to \$25 million in the next 12 months as a result of the resolution of tax matters in various global jurisdictions and the lapses of statutes of limitations. If all of the unrecognized tax benefits were recognized, the net reduction to our income tax provision, including the recognition of interest and penalties and offsetting tax assets, could be up to \$26 million.

We conduct business globally and are routinely audited by the various tax jurisdictions in which we operate. We are no longer subject to U.S. federal income tax examinations for years before 2014, and foreign income tax examinations for years before 2008.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (Unaudited)

16. Business Segment Information

Sales and operating results of our reportable segments were (in millions):

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Nine Months Ended June 30,				
		2025		2024		2025		2024
Sales								
Intelligent Devices	\$	968	\$	957	\$	2,670	\$	2,858
Software & Control		629		513		1,726		1,686
Lifecycle Services		547		581		1,630		1,685
Total	\$	2,144	\$	2,051	\$	6,026	\$	6,229
Segment operating earnings			-					
Intelligent Devices	\$	182	\$	193	\$	461	\$	504
Software & Control		199		121		503		418
Lifecycle Services		73		112		219		264
Total	'	454		426		1,183		1,186
Purchase accounting depreciation and amortization		(35)		(35)		(106)		(108)
Corporate and other		(40)		(29)		(111)		(97)
Non-operating pension and postretirement benefit credit		_		4		_		14
Change in fair value of investments				(5)		(3)		1
Restructuring charges		_		(70)		_		(70)
Interest expense, net		(37)		(36)		(109)		(101)
Income before income taxes	\$	342	\$	255	\$	854	\$	825

Among other considerations, we evaluate performance and allocate resources based upon segment operating earnings before purchase accounting depreciation and amortization, corporate and other, non-operating pension and postretirement benefit credit, change in fair value of investments, restructuring charges aligned with enterprise-wide strategic initiatives, and interest expense, net. Depending on the product, intersegment sales within a single legal entity are either at cost or cost plus a mark-up, which does not necessarily represent a market price. Sales between legal entities are at an appropriate transfer price. We allocate costs related to shared segment operating activities to the segments consistent with the methodology used by management to assess segment performance.

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and Shareowners of Rockwell Automation, Inc.

Results of Review of Interim Financial Information

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of Rockwell Automation, Inc. and subsidiaries (the "Company") as of June 30, 2025, the related consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income, and shareowners' equity for the three-month and nine-month periods ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, and of cash flows for the nine-month periods ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the "interim financial information"). Based on our reviews, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the accompanying interim financial information for it to be in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We have previously audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB), the consolidated balance sheet of the Company as of September 30, 2024, and the related consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income, cash flows, and shareowners' equity for the year then ended (not presented herein); and in our report dated November 12, 2024, we expressed an unqualified opinion on those consolidated financial statements. In our opinion, the information set forth in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet as of September 30, 2024, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the consolidated balance sheet from which it has been derived.

Basis for Review Results

This interim financial information is the responsibility of the Company's management. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our reviews in accordance with standards of the PCAOB. A review of interim financial information consists principally of applying analytical procedures and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

/s/ DELOITTE & TOUCHE LLP

Milwaukee, Wisconsin August 6, 2025

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Results of Operations

Forward-Looking Statements

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains statements (including certain projections and business trends) that are "forward-looking statements" as defined in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Words such as "believe", "estimate", "project", "plan", "expect", "anticipate", "will", "intend", and other similar expressions may identify forward-looking statements. Actual results may differ materially from those projected as a result of certain risks and uncertainties, many of which are beyond our control, including but not limited to:

- macroeconomic factors, including inflation, global and regional business conditions (including adverse impacts in certain markets, such as Oil & Gas), commodity prices, currency exchange rates, the cyclical nature of our customers' capital spending, and sovereign debt concerns;
- laws, regulations, and governmental policies affecting our activities in the countries where we do business, including those related to tariffs, taxation, trade controls, cybersecurity, and climate change;
- our profitability and market competitiveness may be adversely impacted by changes in trade policies, including tariffs or other factors;
- the severity and duration of disruptions to our business due to natural disasters (including those as a result of climate change), pandemics, acts of war, strikes, terrorism, social unrest, or other causes;
- the availability and price of components and materials;
- the availability, effectiveness, and security of our information technology systems;
- our ability to manage and mitigate the risk related to security vulnerabilities and breaches of our hardware and software products, solutions, and services;
- the successful execution of our cost productivity and margin expansion initiatives;
- our ability to attract, develop, and retain qualified employees;
- the successful integration and management of strategic transactions and achievement of the expected benefits of these transactions;
- the successful development of advanced technologies and demand for and market acceptance of new and existing hardware and software products;
- our ability to manage and mitigate the risks associated with our solutions and services businesses;
- competitive hardware and software products, solutions, and services, pricing pressures, and our ability to provide high quality products, solutions, and services;
- the availability and cost of capital;
- disruptions to our distribution channels or the failure of distributors to develop and maintain capabilities to sell our products;
- intellectual property infringement claims by others and the ability to protect our intellectual property;
- the uncertainty of claims by taxing authorities in the various jurisdictions where we do business;
- the uncertainties of litigation, including liabilities related to the safety and security of the hardware and software products, solutions, and services we sell;
- our ability to manage costs related to employee retirement and health care benefits; and
- other risks and uncertainties, including but not limited to those detailed from time to time in our Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) filings.

These forward-looking statements reflect our beliefs as of the date of filing this report. We undertake no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise. See Item 1A. *Risk Factors*, of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2024, and Item 1A. *Risk Factors*, of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for more information.

Non-GAAP Measures

The following discussion includes organic sales, total segment operating earnings and margin, Adjusted Income, Adjusted EPS, Adjusted Effective Tax Rate, and free cash flow, which are non-GAAP measures. See **Supplemental Sales Information** for a reconciliation of reported sales to organic sales and a discussion of why we believe this non-GAAP measure is useful to investors. See **Summary of Results of Operations** for a reconciliation of Income before income taxes to total segment operating earnings and margin and a discussion of why we believe these non-GAAP measures are useful to investors. See **Adjusted Income**, **Adjusted EPS**, **and Adjusted Effective Tax Rate Reconciliation** for a reconciliation of Net income attributable to Rockwell Automation, diluted EPS, and effective tax rate to Adjusted Income, Adjusted EPS, and Adjusted Effective Tax Rate, respectively, and a discussion of why we believe these non-GAAP measures are useful to investors. See **Financial Condition** for a reconciliation of Cash provided by operating activities to free cash flow and a discussion of why we believe this non-GAAP measure is useful to investors.

Overview

Rockwell Automation, Inc. is the world's largest company dedicated to industrial automation and digital transformation. Overall demand for our hardware and software products, solutions, and services is driven by:

- investments in manufacturing, including new facilities or production lines, upgrades, modifications and expansions of existing facilities or production lines;
- investments in basic materials production capacity, which may be related to commodity pricing levels;
- our customers' needs for faster time to market, agility to address evolving consumer preferences, operational productivity, asset management and reliability, and business resilience, including security and enterprise risk management;
- our customers' needs to continuously improve quality, safety, and sustainability;
- industry factors that include our customers' new product introductions, demand for our customers' products or services, and the regulatory and competitive environments in which our customers operate;
- levels of global industrial production and capacity utilization;
- · regional factors that include local political, social, regulatory, and economic circumstances; and
- the spending patterns of our customers due to their annual budgeting processes and their working schedules.

Long-term Strategy

As the world's largest company dedicated to industrial automation and digital transformation, our strategy is to bring the Connected Enterprise[®] to life. We understand and simplify our customers' complex production challenges and deliver the most valued solutions that combine technology and industry expertise. As a result, we make our customers more resilient, agile, and sustainable, creating more ways to win. We deliver value by helping our customers optimize production, build resilience, empower people, become more sustainable, and accelerate transformation.

Rockwell Automation stands at the intersection of the technological and societal trends that are shaping the future of industrial operations. We see converging megatrends including digitization and artificial intelligence, energy transition and sustainability, shifting demographics, and an increased need for resiliency.

Our long-term profitable growth framework outlines how we will deliver accelerated growth while we continue to transform our company to meet stakeholder expectations over the longer term:

- achieve faster secular growth in traditional markets due to customer needs for resiliency (including cybersecurity), agility, sustainability, and mitigating impacts of labor shortages;
- grow share and create new ways to win through technology differentiation, industry focus, go to market acceleration, expanded offerings and new markets;
- continue double-digit growth in annual recurring revenue;
- · add 1% average annual growth from acquisitions; and
- deliver profitable growth within a disciplined financial framework.

U.S. Economic Trends

In the third quarter of 2025, sales in the U.S. accounted for over half of our total sales. The various indicators we use to gauge the direction and momentum of our served U.S. markets include:

- The Industrial Production (IP) Index, published by the Federal Reserve, which measures the real output of manufacturing, mining, and electric and gas utilities. The Manufacturing IP Index shown in the chart below is expressed as a percentage of real output in a base year, currently 2017.
- The Manufacturing Purchasing Managers' Index (PMI), published by the Institute for Supply Management (ISM), which indicates the current and near-term state of manufacturing activity in the U.S. According to the ISM, a PMI measure above 50 indicates that the U.S. manufacturing economy is generally expanding while a measure below 50 indicates that it is generally contracting.

The table below depicts trends in these indicators since the quarter ended September 2023. These figures are as of August 6, 2025, and are subject to revision by the issuing organizations. The IP index did not significantly change from the second quarter of fiscal 2025. Manufacturing PMI results remained below 50 for each of the months in the third quarter of fiscal 2025.

	Manufacturing IP Index	PMI
Fiscal 2025 quarter ended:		
June 2025	100.2	49.0
March 2025	100.3	49.0
December 2024	98.9	49.2
Fiscal 2024 quarter ended:		
September 2024	99.0	47.5
June 2024	99.4	48.5
March 2024	99.5	50.3
December 2023	99.2	47.1
Fiscal 2023 quarter ended:		
September 2023	99.6	49.0

Inflation in the U.S. has also had an impact on our input costs and pricing. The Producer Price Index (PPI), published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, measures the average change over time in the selling prices received by domestic producers for their output. PPI growth has remained in the low single digits during the third quarter, which is consistent with the prior six quarters. Producer prices continue to remain elevated, however, year over year increases remain decelerated from the surges in 2023 and 2022.

Non-U.S. Economic Trends

In the third quarter of 2025, sales to customers outside the U.S. accounted for less than half of our total sales. These customers include both indigenous companies and multinational companies with a global presence. In addition to the global factors previously mentioned in the *Overview* section, international demand, particularly in emerging markets, has historically been driven by the strength of the industrial economy in each region, investments in infrastructure, and expanding consumer markets. We use changes in key countries' gross domestic product (GDP), IP, and PMI as indicators of the growth opportunities in each region where we do business. Industrial production outside the U.S. was mostly positive in the third quarter of fiscal 2025. Manufacturing PMI readings outside the U.S were mixed with readings in Asia Pacific generally better than readings in Europe, Canada, Mexico, and Brazil.

Outlook

We expect over \$250 million of year-over-year benefits from cost reduction and margin expansion actions in 2025 including continuing benefits from restructuring actions we initiated last year and benefits from reduced costs of direct and indirect purchases, increased manufacturing efficiency, and price actions.

We continue to manage the impact of tariffs through actions including pricing and the use of alternative sources of materials and redundant manufacturing locations. Resiliency actions we took in recent years enable us to build certain high value product lines in more than one geographic location. In consideration of these mitigating actions, tariff costs are expected to be neutral to EPS in the current year.

Summary of Results of Operations

The following table reflects our sales and operating results (in millions, except per share amounts and percentages):

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Nine Months Ended June 30,				
		2025		2024		2025		2024
Sales								
Intelligent Devices (a)	\$	968	\$	957	\$	2,670	\$	2,858
Software & Control (b)		629		513		1,726		1,686
Lifecycle Services (c)		547		581		1,630		1,685
Total sales (d)	\$	2,144	\$	2,051	\$	6,026	\$	6,229
Segment operating earnings (1)			<u> </u>					
Intelligent Devices (e)	\$	182	\$	193	\$	461	\$	504
Software & Control (f)		199		121		503		418
Lifecycle Services (g)		73		112		219		264
Total segment operating earnings (2) (h)		454		426		1,183		1,186
Purchase accounting depreciation and amortization		(35)		(35)		(106)		(108)
Corporate and other		(40)		(29)		(111)		(97)
Non-operating pension and postretirement benefit credit		_		4		_		14
Change in fair value of investments		_		(5)		(3)		1
Restructuring charges		_		(70)				(70)
Interest expense, net		(37)		(36)		(109)		(101)
Income before income taxes (i)		342		255		854		825
Income tax provision		(49)		(24)		(135)		(116)
Net income		293		231		719		709
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests		(2)		(1)		(12)		(4)
Net income attributable to Rockwell Automation	\$	295	\$	232	\$	731	\$	713
Diluted EPS	\$	2.60	\$	2.02	\$	6.43	\$	6.19
Adjusted EPS (3)	\$	2.82	\$	2.71	\$	7.11	\$	7.25
Diluted weighted average outstanding shares		113.0		114.2		113.2		114.7
Pre-tax margin (i/d)		16.0 %	, O	12.4 %		14.2 %		13.2 %
Intelligent Devices segment operating margin (e/a)		18.8 %	, D	20.2 %		17.3 %		17.6 %
Software & Control segment operating margin (f/b)		31.6 %		23.6 %		29.1 %		24.8 %
Lifecycle Services segment operating margin (g/c)		13.3 %	Ó	19.3 %		13.4 %		15.7 %
Total segment operating margin (2) (h/d)		21.2 %	Ď	20.8 %		19.6 %		19.0 %

⁽¹⁾ See Note 16 in the Consolidated Financial Statements for the definition of segment operating earnings.

⁽²⁾ Total segment operating earnings and total segment operating margin are non-GAAP financial measures. We exclude purchase accounting depreciation and amortization, corporate and other, non-operating pension and postretirement benefit credit, change in fair value of investments, restructuring charges aligned with enterprise-wide strategic initiatives, and interest expense, net, because we do not consider these items to be directly related to the operating performance of our segments. We believe total segment operating earnings and total segment operating margin are useful to investors as measures of operating performance. We use these measures to monitor and evaluate the profitability of our operating segments. Our measures of total segment operating earnings and total segment operating margin may be different from measures used by other companies.

⁽³⁾ Adjusted EPS is a non-GAAP earnings measure. See Adjusted Income, Adjusted EPS, and Adjusted Effective Tax Rate Reconciliation for more information on this non-GAAP measure.

Three and Nine Months Ended June 30, 2025, Compared to Three and Nine Months Ended June 30, 2024

Sales

Sales increased 5 percent and decreased 3 percent year over year in the three and nine months ended June 30, 2025, respectively. Organic sales increased 4 percent and decreased 2 percent year over year in the three and nine months ended June 30, 2025, respectively. Currency translation increased sales by less than one 1 percent and decreased sales by 1 percent in the three and nine months ended June 30, 2025, respectively. Pricing increased total company sales by approximately 3 percentage points and 2 percentage points year over year in the three and nine months ended June 30, 2025, respectively, realized primarily in the Intelligent Devices and Software & Control segments. Volume increased total company sales by approximately 1 percentage point year over year in the three months ended June 30, 2025, driven by the Software & Control segment. Volume decreased total company sales by approximately 5 percentage points year over year in the nine months ended June 30, 2025, driven by the Intelligent Devices segment.

The tables below presents our sales, attributed to the geographic regions based upon country of destination, and the percentage change from the same period a year ago (in millions, except percentages):

Change in Organic Sales (1) vs.

Change vs.

		Ended June 30, 25	Three Months Ended June 30, 2024	Three Months Ended June 30, 2024
North America	\$	1,354	7 %	7 %
Europe, Middle East, and Africa		392	10 %	5 %
Asia Pacific		266	2 %	2 %
Latin America		132	(21)%	(14)%
Total Company Sales	\$	2,144	5 %	4 %
	Nine Months I	Ended June 30.	Change vs. Nine Months Ended June 30.	Change in Organic Sales ⁽¹⁾ vs. Nine Months Ended June 30.

		Change vs.	Sales (1) vs.
	Nine Months Ended June 2025	30, Nine Months Ended June 30, 2024	Nine Months Ended June 30, 2024
North America	\$ 3,7	<u>%</u>	<u> </u>
Europe, Middle East, and Africa	1,0	082 (5)%	(6)%
Asia Pacific		744 (8)%	(7)%
Latin America	4	108 (13)%	(4)%
Total Company Sales	\$ 6,0)26 (3)%	(2)%

⁽¹⁾ Organic sales and organic sales growth exclude the effect of acquisitions, changes in currency exchange rates, and divestitures. See **Supplemental Sales Information** for information on these non-GAAP measures.

Corporate and Other

Corporate and other expenses were \$40 million and \$111 million in the three and nine months ended June 30, 2025, respectively, compared to \$29 million and \$97 million in the three and nine months ended June 30, 2024, respectively.

Restructuring Charges

Restructuring charges were \$70 million in the three and nine months ended June 30, 2024, which relate to actions in conjunction with an enterprise-wide comprehensive program to optimize cost structure and expand margins. See Note 14 in the Consolidated Financial Statements for more information on our restructuring charges.

Income before Income Taxes

Income before income taxes was \$342 million and \$854 million in the three and nine months ended June 30, 2025, respectively, compared to \$255 million and \$825 million in the three and nine months ended June 30, 2024, respectively. The increase in the three and nine months ended June 30, 2025, was primarily due to restructuring charges taken in the prior year.

Total segment operating earnings increased 7 percent year over year in the three months ended June 30, 2025, primarily due to productivity, the positive impact of price realization, and favorable mix, partially offset by higher compensation and unfavorable currency. Total segment operating earnings decreased less than 1 percent year over year in the nine months ended June 30, 2025.

Income Taxes

The effective tax rates for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2025, were 14.3 percent and 15.8 percent, respectively, compared to 9.4 percent and 14.1 percent for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2024, respectively. Our Adjusted Effective Tax Rates for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2025, were 15.2 percent and 16.6 percent, respectively, compared to 13.3 percent and 15.1 percent for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2024, respectively. The increase in both the effective tax rate and the Adjusted Effective Tax Rate was primarily due to lower discrete benefits in the current year.

In October 2021, the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) and G20 Finance Ministers reached an agreement, known as Base Erosion and Profit Shifting (BEPS) Pillar Two, that, among other things, ensures that income earned in each jurisdiction that qualifying multinational enterprises operate in is subject to a minimum corporate income tax rate of at least 15%. Discussions related to the formal implementation and enactment of this agreement, including within the tax law of each member jurisdiction including the United States, are ongoing. Certain countries have enacted the Pillar Two framework, including Singapore, which is expected to result in the greatest impact to the Company. Enactment of this regulation in its current form would generally apply to the Company beginning in fiscal year 2026, which could result in an increase in our effective tax rate of 2 to 3 percent as well as in the amount of global corporate income tax paid.

In addition to BEPS Pillar Two, other items could also affect our effective tax rate, many of which are outside of our control, including:

- changes in the valuation of our deferred tax assets and liabilities, and in deferred tax valuation allowances;
- changes in the relative proportions of revenue and income before taxes in the various jurisdictions in which we operate
- that have differing statutory tax rates;
- changing tax laws, regulations, rates and interpretations in multiple jurisdictions in which we operate;
- changes to the financial accounting rules for income taxes;
- the tax effects of acquisitions; and
- the resolution and timing of issues arising from tax audits.

On July 4, 2025, the OBBBA was enacted in the U.S. The OBBBA includes significant tax related provisions, such as the permanent extension of certain expiring provisions of the Tax Act, modifications to the international tax framework, and the restoration of favorable tax treatment for certain business provisions. We are currently assessing its impact on our consolidated financial statements and the applicable results of our evaluations will be reflected on the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2025.

Diluted EPS and Adjusted EPS

2025 third quarter Net income attributable to Rockwell Automation was \$295 million or \$2.60 per share, compared to \$232 million or \$2.02 per share in the third quarter of 2024. 2025 third quarter Adjusted EPS was \$2.82, up 4 percent compared to \$2.71 in the third quarter of 2024.

Net income attributable to Rockwell Automation was \$731 million or \$6.43 per share in the nine months ended June 30, 2025, compared to \$713 million or \$6.19 per share in the nine months ended June 30, 2024. Adjusted EPS was \$7.11 in the nine months ended June 30, 2025, down 2 percent compared to \$7.25 in the nine months ended June 30, 2024.

Intelligent Devices

Sales

Intelligent Devices reported and organic sales increased 1 percent year over year in the three months ended June 30, 2025. Sales decreased 7 percent year over year in the nine months ended June 30, 2025. The effects of currency translation decreased sales by 1 percentage point year over year in the nine months ended June 30, 2025. For the three months ended June 30, 2025, reported sales increased in Europe, Middle East and Africa and Asia Pacific, were flat in North America, and decreased in Latin America. For the three months ended June 30, 2025, organic sales increased in North America and Europe, Middle East and Africa, were flat in Asia Pacific, and decreased in Latin America. For the nine months ended June 30, 2025, reported sales decreased in all regions. For the nine months ended June 30, 2025, organic sales decreased in all regions except Latin America.

Segment Operating Margin

Intelligent Devices segment operating earnings decreased 6 percent year over year in the three months ended June 30, 2025. Segment operating margin decreased to 18.8 percent in the three months ended June 30, 2025, from 20.2 percent in the same period a year ago, primarily due to higher compensation and unfavorable net currency, partially offset by productivity and the positive impact of price realization.

Intelligent Devices segment operating earnings decreased 9 percent year over year in the nine months ended June 30, 2025. Segment operating margin decreased to 17.3 percent in the nine months ended June 30, 2025, from 17.6 percent in the same period a year ago.

Software & Control

Sales

Software & Control sales increased 23 percent and 2 percent year over year in the three and nine months ended June 30, 2025, respectively. Organic sales increased 22 percent and 3 percent year over year in the three and nine months ended June 30, 2025, respectively. The effects of currency translation increased sales by 1 percentage point year over year in the three months ended June 30, 2025. The effects of currency translation decreased sales by 1 percentage point year over year in the nine months ended June 30, 2025. For the three months ended June 30, 2025, reported and organic sales increased in all regions except Latin America. For the nine months ended June 30, 2025, reported and organic sales decreased in all regions except for North America.

Segment Operating Margin

Software & Control segment operating earnings increased 64 percent year over year in the three months ended June 30, 2025. Segment operating margin increased to 31.6 percent in the three months ended June 30, 2025, from 23.6 percent in the same period a year ago, primarily due to higher sales volume, the positive impact of price realization, and productivity, partially offset by higher compensation.

Software & Control segment operating earnings increased 20 percent year over year in the nine months ended June 30, 2025. Segment operating margin increased to 29.1 percent in the nine months ended June 30, 2025, from 24.8 percent in the same period a year ago, primarily due to productivity and the positive impact of price realization, partially offset by higher compensation.

Lifecycle Services

Sales

Lifecycle Services reported and organic sales decreased 6 percent and 3 percent year over year in the three and nine months ended June 30, 2025, respectively. For the three months ended June 30, 2025, reported sales decreased in all regions except Europe, Middle East, and Africa. For the three months ended June 30, 2025, organic sales decreased in all regions. For the nine months ended June 30, 2025, reported sales decreased in all regions. For the nine months ended June 30, 2025, organic sales decreased in all regions except North America.

Segment Operating Margin

Lifecycle Services segment operating earnings decreased 35 percent and 17 percent year over year in the three and nine months ended June 30, 2025, respectively. Segment operating margin decreased to 13.3 percent and 13.4 percent in the three and nine months ended June 30, 2025, respectively, from 19.3 percent and 15.7 percent, respectively, in the same period a year ago, primarily due to higher compensation and lower sales volume, partially offset by productivity.

Supplemental Segment Information

Purchase accounting depreciation and amortization, non-operating pension and postretirement benefit credit, and restructuring charges are not allocated to our operating segments because these costs are excluded from our measurement of each segment's operating performance for internal purposes. If we were to allocate these costs, we would attribute them to each of our segments as follows (in millions):

		Three Months Ended June 30,				Nine Months Ended June 30,		
		2025	2024	2024 20		025 2024		
Purchase accounting depreciation and amortization	·							
Intelligent Devices	\$	9	\$ 9	\$	28	\$	29	
Software & Control		16	17		49		51	
Lifecycle Services		9	9		28		28	
Non-operating pension and postretirement benefit credit								
Intelligent Devices	\$	_	\$ (2)) \$	_	\$	(6)	
Software & Control		_	(1))	_		(5)	
Lifecycle Services		_	(2))	(1)		(7)	
Restructuring charges								
Intelligent Devices	\$	_	\$ 32	\$	_	\$	32	
Software & Control		_	24		_		24	
Lifecycle Services		_	13		_		13	

Adjusted Income, Adjusted EPS, and Adjusted Effective Tax Rate Reconciliation

Adjusted Income, Adjusted EPS, and Adjusted Effective Tax Rate are non-GAAP earnings measures that exclude non-operating pension and postretirement benefit credit, purchase accounting depreciation and amortization attributable to Rockwell Automation, change in fair value of investments, and restructuring charges aligned with enterprise-wide strategic initiatives, including their respective tax effects. Non-operating pension and postretirement benefit credit is defined as all components of our net periodic pension and postretirement benefit cost except for service cost. See Note 10 in the Consolidated Financial Statements for more information on our net periodic pension and postretirement benefit cost.

We believe that Adjusted Income, Adjusted EPS, and Adjusted Effective Tax rate provide useful information to our investors about our operating performance and allow management and investors to compare our operating performance period over period. Adjusted EPS is also used as a financial measure of performance for our annual incentive compensation. Our measures of Adjusted Income, Adjusted EPS, and Adjusted Effective Tax Rate may be different from measures used by other companies. These non-GAAP measures should not be considered a substitute for Net Income attributable to Rockwell Automation, diluted EPS, and effective tax rate.

The following are reconciliations of Net income attributable to Rockwell Automation, diluted EPS, and effective tax rate to Adjusted Income, Adjusted EPS, millions, and Adjusted Effective Tax Rate, respectively (in share amounts percentages): except per and Three Months Ended Nine Months Ended June 30. June 30. 2025 2024 2025 2024 Net income attributable to Rockwell Automation 295 \$ 232 731 \$ 713 Non-operating pension and postretirement benefit credit (4) (14)Tax effect of non-operating pension and postretirement benefit credit (1) 3 (1) Purchase accounting depreciation and amortization attributable to 33 33 98 100 Rockwell Automation Tax effect of purchase accounting depreciation and amortization attributable to Rockwell Automation (6)(22)(17)(7)Change in fair value of investments 5 3 (1) Tax effect of change in fair value of investments (2)(1) (1) Restructuring charges (1) 70 70 Tax effect of restructuring charges (1) (18)(18)\$ 320 311 808 \$ 835 Adjusted Income Diluted EPS \$ 2.60 \$ 2.02 \$ 6.43 \$ 6.19 (0.04)Non-operating pension and postretirement benefit credit (0.13)Tax effect of non-operating pension and postretirement benefit credit (0.01)0.01 (0.01)0.02 Purchase accounting depreciation and amortization attributable to Rockwell Automation 0.29 0.28 0.86 0.87 Tax effect of purchase accounting depreciation and amortization attributable to Rockwell Automation (0.06)(0.05)(0.19)(0.15)Change in fair value of investments 0.04 0.03 (0.01)Tax effect of change in fair value of investments (0.01)(0.01)Restructuring charges (1) 0.61 0.61 Tax effect of restructuring charges (1) (0.15)(0.15)2.82 7.25 Adjusted EPS 2.71 7.11 Effective tax rate 14.3 % 9.4 % 15.8 % 14.1 % Tax effect of non-operating pension and postretirement benefit credit 0.3 % (0.2)%0.1 % (0.1)%Tax effect of purchase accounting depreciation and amortization attributable to Rockwell Automation 0.6 % 0.4 % 0.6 % 0.2 % Tax effect of change in fair value of investments **--** % 0.3 % 0.1 % - % **--** % 3.4 % **--** % 0.9 % Tax effect of restructuring charges (1) 15.2 % 13.3 % 16.6 % 15.1 % Adjusted Effective Tax Rate

⁽¹⁾ Restructuring charges in the three and nine months ended June 30, 2024, include \$65 million for severance benefits and \$5 million for strategic advisory services related to the enterprise-wide severance actions.

Financial Condition

The following is a summary of our cash flows from operating, investing, and financing activities, as reflected in the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (in millions):

		Nine Months Ended June 30,				
		2025	2024			
Cash provided by (used for)						
Operating activities	\$	1,090 \$	432			
Investing activities		(165)	(920)			
Financing activities		(904)	(187)			
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	<u></u>	3	2			
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	24 \$	(673)			

The following table summarizes free cash flow, which is a non-GAAP financial measure (in millions):

	Nine Months Ended June 30,			
	2025		2024	
Cash provided by operating activities	\$ 1,090	\$	432	
Capital expenditures	(137)		(160)	
Free cash flow	\$ 953	\$	272	

Our definition of free cash flow takes into consideration capital investments required to maintain the operations of our businesses and execute our strategy. Cash provided by operating activities adds back non-cash depreciation expense to earnings but does not reflect a charge for necessary capital expenditures. Our definition of free cash flow excludes the operating cash flows and capital expenditures related to our discontinued operations, if any. Operating, investing, and financing cash flows of our discontinued operations, if any, are presented separately in our Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows. In our opinion, free cash flow provides useful information to investors regarding our ability to generate cash from business operations that is available for acquisitions and other investments, service of debt principal, dividends, and share repurchases. We use free cash flow, as defined, as one measure to monitor and evaluate our performance, including as a financial measure for our annual incentive compensation. Our definition of free cash flow may be different from definitions used by other companies.

Cash provided by operating activities was \$1,090 million for the nine months ended June 30, 2025, compared to \$432 million for the nine months ended June 30, 2024. Free cash flow was \$953 million for the nine months ended June 30, 2025, compared to \$272 million for the nine months ended June 30, 2024. The year over year increases in cash provided by operating activities and free cash flow were primarily due to higher pre-tax income, no payout of incentive compensation in the first quarter of fiscal 2025 related to fiscal 2024 performance, and lower tax payments.

Our Short-term debt as of June 30, 2025, included commercial paper borrowings of \$260 million, with a weighted average interest rate of 4.51 percent, and a weighted average maturity period of 11 days. Our Short-term debt as of September 30, 2024, included commercial paper borrowings of \$657 million, with a weighted average interest rate of 5.14 percent, and a weighted average maturity period of 24 days. In December 2022, Sensia entered into an unsecured \$75 million line of credit. As of June 30, 2025, and September 30, 2024, included in Short-term debt was \$70 million borrowed against the line of credit with an interest rate of 5.32 percent and 6.17 percent, respectively. Also included in Short-term debt as of June 30, 2025, and September 30, 2024, was \$14 million and \$42 million, respectively, of interest-bearing loans from Schlumberger (SLB) to Sensia. In April 2025, \$14 million of new interest-bearing loans from SLB to Sensia were entered into and are due October 15, 2025. The loans outstanding as of September 30, 2024, were extended to October 15, 2026, and are included in Long-term debt as of June 30, 2025.

In May 2025, we entered into a \$500 million senior unsecured 364-day term loan credit agreement and were advanced the full loan amount. This agreement is in addition to our existing \$1.5 billion unsecured revolving credit facility expiring in June 2027, which remains outstanding and undrawn. Borrowings under this term loan bear interest based on Secured Overnight Financing Rates (SOFR) in effect during the period the borrowings are outstanding, and the interest rate as of June 30, 2025, was 5.45 percent. The term loan agreement contains covenants similar to those under our \$1.5 billion unsecured revolving credit facility, under which we agree to maintain an EBITDA-to-interest ratio of at least 3.0 to 1.0. The EBITDA-to-interest ratio is defined in the term loan agreement as the ratio of consolidated EBITDA (as defined in the term loan agreement) for the preceding four quarters to consolidated interest expense for the same period. We were in compliance with all covenants under our credit agreement and credit facilities at June 30, 2025, and September 30, 2024.

We repurchased approximately 1.3 million shares of our common stock under our share repurchase program in the first nine months of 2025. The total cost of these shares was \$350 million, of which \$1 million was recorded in Accounts payable at June 30, 2025, related to shares that did not settle until July 2025. At September 30, 2024, there were no significant outstanding common stock share repurchases recorded in Accounts payable. We repurchased approximately 1.7 million shares of our common stock under our share repurchase program in the first nine months of 2024. The total cost of these shares was \$476 million, of which \$1 million was recorded in Accounts payable at June 30, 2024, related to shares that did not settle until July 2024. Our decision to repurchase shares in the remainder of 2025 will depend on business conditions, free cash flow generation, other cash requirements, and stock price. On May 2, 2022, and September 11, 2024, the Board of Directors authorized us to expend an additional \$1.0 billion to repurchase shares of our common stock. At June 30, 2025, we had approximately \$996 million remaining for share repurchases under our existing board authorization. See Part II, Item 2. *Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds*, for additional information regarding share repurchases.

We expect future uses of cash to include working capital requirements, capital expenditures, dividends to shareowners, repurchases of common stock, repayments of debt, additional contributions to our retirement plans, and acquisitions of businesses and other inorganic investments. We expect to fund future uses of cash with a combination of existing cash balances, cash generated by operating activities, commercial paper borrowings, or new issuances of debt or other securities. In addition, we have access to unsecured credit facilities with various banks.

At June 30, 2025, the majority of our Cash and cash equivalents were held by non-U.S. subsidiaries. We use a global cash pooling arrangement to efficiently manage liquidity among our entities. As a result of the broad changes to the U.S. international tax system under the Tax Act, the Company accounts for taxes on earnings of substantially all of its non-U.S. subsidiaries including both non-U.S. and U.S. taxes. The Company has concluded that earnings of a limited number of its non-U.S. subsidiaries are indefinitely reinvested.

In June 2022, we replaced our former \$1.25 billion unsecured revolving credit facility with a new five-year \$1.5 billion unsecured revolving credit facility, expiring in June 2027. This credit facility uses the secured overnight funding rate (SOFR) as the primary basis for determining interest payments. We can increase the aggregate amount of this credit facility by up to \$750 million, subject to the consent of the banks in the credit facility. We did not borrow against this credit facility during the periods ended June 30, 2025, or September 30, 2024. Borrowings under this credit facility bear interest based on short-term money market rates in effect during the period the borrowings are outstanding. The terms of this credit facility contain covenants under which we agree to maintain an EBITDA-to-interest ratio of at least 3.0 to 1.0. The EBITDA-to-interest ratio is defined in the credit facility as the ratio of consolidated EBITDA (as defined in the facility) for the preceding four quarters to consolidated interest expense for the same period.

Among other uses, we can draw on our credit facility as a standby liquidity facility to repay our outstanding commercial paper as it matures. This access to funds to repay maturing commercial paper is an important factor in maintaining the short-term credit ratings set forth in the table below. Under our current policy with respect to these ratings, we expect to limit our other borrowings under our credit facility, if any, to amounts that would leave enough credit available under the facility so that we could borrow, if needed, to repay all of our then outstanding commercial paper as it matures.

Separate short-term unsecured credit facilities of approximately \$275 million at June 30, 2025, were available to non-U.S. subsidiaries, of which, approximately \$34 million was committed under letters of credit. Borrowings under our non-U.S. credit facilities at June 30, 2025, and September 30, 2024, were not significant. There are no significant commitment fees or compensating balance requirements under our credit facilities.

The following is a summary of our credit ratings as of August 6, 2025:

Credit Rating Agency	Short-Term Rating	Long-Term Rating	Outlook
Standard & Poor's	A-2	A-	Stable
Moody's	P-2	A3	Stable
Fitch Ratings	F1	A	Stable

Our ability to access the commercial paper market, and the related costs of these borrowings, is affected by the strength of our credit ratings and market conditions. We have not experienced any difficulty in accessing the commercial paper market. If our access to the commercial paper market is adversely affected due to a change in market conditions or otherwise, we would expect to rely on a combination of available cash and our unsecured committed credit facility to provide short-term funding. In such event, the cost of borrowings under our unsecured committed credit facility could be higher than the cost of commercial paper borrowings.

We regularly monitor the third-party depository institutions that hold our cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments. We diversify our cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments among counterparties to minimize exposure to any one of these entities.

We use foreign currency forward exchange contracts to manage certain foreign currency risks. We enter into these contracts to hedge our exposure to foreign currency exchange rate variability in the expected future cash flows associated with certain third-party and intercompany transactions denominated in foreign currencies forecasted to occur within the next two years. We also may use these contracts to hedge portions of our net investments in certain non-U.S. subsidiaries against the effect of exchange rate fluctuations on the translation of foreign currency balances to the U.S. dollar. There were no open net investment hedges for the nine months ended June 30, 2025, or September 30, 2024. In addition, we use foreign currency forward exchange contracts that are not designated as hedges to offset transaction gains or losses associated with some of our assets and liabilities resulting from intercompany loans or other transactions with third parties that are denominated in currencies other than our entities' functional currencies. Our foreign currency forward exchange contracts are usually denominated in currencies of major industrial countries. We diversify our foreign currency forward exchange contracts among counterparties to minimize exposure to any one of these entities.

Net gains and losses related to derivative forward exchange contracts designated as cash flow hedges offset the related gains and losses on the hedged items during the periods in which the hedged items are recognized in earnings. During the three months ended June 30, 2025, we reclassified \$1 million in pre-tax net losses related to cash flow hedges reclassified from Accumulated other comprehensive loss into the Consolidated Statement of Operations. During the nine months ended June 30, 2025, we reclassified \$6 million in pre-tax net gains related to cash flow hedges reclassified from Accumulated other comprehensive loss into the Consolidated Statement of Operations. During the three and nine months ended June 30, 2024, we reclassified \$5 million and \$18 million, respectively, in pre-tax net gains related to cash flow hedges from Accumulated other comprehensive loss into the Consolidated Statement of Operations. As of June 30, 2025, we expect that approximately \$18 million of pre-tax net unrealized losses on cash flow hedges will be reclassified into earnings during the next 12 months.

Information with respect to our contractual cash obligations is contained in Item 7. *Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations*, of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2024. We believe that at June 30, 2025, there has been no material change to this information.

Supplemental Sales Information

We translate sales of subsidiaries operating outside of the United States using exchange rates effective during the respective period. Therefore, changes in currency exchange rates affect our reported sales. Sales by acquired businesses also affect our reported sales. We believe that organic sales, defined as sales excluding the effects of acquisitions and changes in currency exchange rates, which is a non-GAAP financial measure, provides useful information to investors because it reflects regional and operating segment performance from the activities of our businesses without the effect of acquisitions and changes in currency exchange rates. We use organic sales as one measure to monitor and evaluate our regional and operating segment performance. When we acquire businesses, we exclude sales in the current period for which there are no comparable sales in the prior period. We determine the effect of changes in currency exchange rates by translating the respective period's sales using the same currency exchange rates that were in effect during the prior year. When we divest a business, we exclude sales in the prior period for which there are no comparable sales in the current period. Organic sales growth is calculated by comparing organic sales to reported sales in the prior year, excluding divestitures. We attribute sales to the geographic regions based on the country of destination.

The following is a reconciliation of reported sales to organic sales by geographic region (in millions):

			Three Months En	ded .	June 30, 2025		Th	ree Months Ended June 30, 2024
	Rep	orted Sales	Less: Effect of Acquisitions		Effect of Changes in Currency	Organic Sales		Reported Sales
North America	\$	1,354	\$ 	\$	(1)	\$ 1,355	\$	1,268
Europe, Middle East, and Africa		392			17	375		356
Asia Pacific		266	_		1	265		260
Latin America		132			(12)	144		167
Total Company Sales	\$	2,144	\$ 	\$	5	\$ 2,139	\$	2,051

	Nine Months Ended June 30, 2025					Ni	ine Months Ended June 30, 2024		
	Repo	orted Sales		Less: Effect of Acquisitions		Effect of Changes in Currency	Organic Sales		Reported Sales
North America	\$	3,792	\$	2	\$	(11)	\$ 3,801	\$	3,809
Europe, Middle East, and Africa		1,082		_		7	1,075		1,143
Asia Pacific		744		_		(6)	750		806
Latin America		408		_		(42)	450		471
Total Company Sales	\$	6,026	\$	2	\$	(52)	\$ 6,076	\$	6,229

The following is a reconciliation of reported sales to organic sales by operating segment (in millions):

		Three Months Ended June 30, 2025					1 n	ree Months Ended June 30, 2024	
	Rep	orted Sales		ess: Effect of Acquisitions		Effect of Changes in Currency	Organic Sales		Reported Sales
Intelligent Devices	\$	968	\$		\$	1	\$ 967	\$	957
Software & Control		629		_		2	627		513
Lifecycle Services		547		_		2	545		581
Total Company Sales	\$	2,144	\$		\$	5	\$ 2,139	\$	2,051
				Nine Months End	led Ju	une 30, 2025		Ni	ne Months Ended June 30, 2024
		orted Sales		Nine Months Enduess: Effect of Acquisitions	led Ju	Effect of Changes in Currency	Organic Sales	Ni	
Intelligent Devices	Repo	orted Sales 2,670		ess: Effect of	led Ju	Effect of Changes in	\$ Organic Sales 2,697	Ni \$	30, 2024
Intelligent Devices Software & Control	¢.			ess: Effect of	s	Effect of Changes in Currency	\$ 		30, 2024 Reported Sales
	¢.	2,670		ess: Effect of	s	Effect of Changes in Currency (27)	\$ 2,697		30, 2024 Reported Sales 2,858

Critical Accounting Estimates

We have prepared the Consolidated Financial Statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, which require us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the Consolidated Financial Statements and revenues and expenses during the periods reported. These estimates are based on our best judgment about current and future conditions, but actual results could differ from those estimates. Information with respect to accounting estimates that are the most critical to the understanding of our financial statements as they could have the most significant effect on our reported results and require subjective or complex judgments by management is contained in Item 7. *Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations*, of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2024. We believe that at June 30, 2025, there has been no material change to this information.

Environmental Matters

Information with respect to the effect of compliance with environmental protection requirements and resolution of environmental claims on us and our manufacturing operations is contained in Note 17 in the Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 8. *Financial Statements and Supplementary Data*, of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2024. We believe that at June 30, 2025, there has been no material change to this information.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

See Note 1 in the Consolidated Financial Statements regarding recent accounting pronouncements.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Information with respect to our exposure to foreign currency risk and interest rate risk is contained in Item 7A. *Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk*, of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2024. We believe that at June 30, 2025, there has been no material change to this information.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Disclosure Controls and Procedures: We, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, have evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (Exchange Act)) as of the end of the quarter covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of the end of the quarter covered by this report, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting: There has not been any change in our internal control over financial reporting (as such term is defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(f)) during the quarter to which this report relates that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

Information with respect to our legal proceedings is contained in Item 3. *Legal Proceedings*, of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2024. We believe that at June 30, 2025, there has been no material change to this information.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

Information about our most significant risk factors is contained in Item 1A. *Risk Factors*, of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2024. We believe that at August 6, 2025, there has been no material change to this information, except as updated in our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed February 10, 2025, which update is noted below.

Our profitability and market competitiveness may be adversely impacted by changes in trade policies, including tariffs or other factors.

Changes in trade policies, including the imposition of new tariffs or increases in existing tariffs between the United States, Mexico, Canada, China or other countries, or reactionary measures including retaliatory tariffs, legal challenges, or currency manipulation, could adversely affect our cost structure and profitability. If tariffs on imported materials, components, or finished goods increase, our manufacturing and supply chain costs may rise. Furthermore, changes to trade policies, retaliatory measures, or prolonged uncertainty in trade relationships could result in supply chain disruptions, delayed shipments, or increased operational complexity, adversely affecting our business and financial results. While we take steps to mitigate or avoid these increased costs and disruptions, our ability to do so may be limited by operational and supply chain constraints, especially in the short term. In addition, our ability to recover cost increases and maintain profitability levels through price adjustments may be limited by competitive pressures, customer acceptance, and contractual limitations.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Share Repurchases

The table below sets forth information with respect to purchases made by or on behalf of us of shares of our common stock during the three months ended June 30, 2025:

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased ⁽¹⁾	Average Price Paid Per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Maximum Approx. Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs ⁽³⁾
April 1-30, 2025	288,616	\$ 235.46	288,616	\$ 1,050,658,228
May 1-31, 2025	125,313	283.68	125,313	1,015,109,769
June 1-30, 2025	60,000	323.20	60,000	995,717,902
Total	473,929	\$ 259.32	473,929	

⁽¹⁾ All of the shares purchased during the quarter ended June 30, 2025, were acquired pursuant to the repurchase programs described in (3) below.

⁽²⁾ Average price paid per share includes brokerage commissions.

⁽³⁾ On May 2, 2022, and September 11, 2024, the Board of Directors authorized us to expend an additional \$1.0 billion to repurchase shares of our common stock. Our repurchase programs allow us to repurchase shares at management's discretion or at our broker's discretion pursuant to a share repurchase plan subject to price and volume parameters.

Item 5. Other Information

During the quarter ended June 30, 2025, the following officers of the Company adopted Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangements that are each intended to satisfy the affirmative defense of Rule 10b5-1(c) promulgated under the Exchange Act, with such details of the arrangements as further follows:

- Blake D. Moret, President and Chief Executive Officer, adopted a Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement on May 30, 2025, that will terminate on the earlier of May 29, 2026, or the execution of all trades in the trading arrangement. Mr. Moret's trading arrangement covers the (i) exercise of 24,400 stock options and the sale of the underlying shares of the Company's common stock, (ii) exercise of 61,700 stock options and the sale of the underlying shares of the Company's common stock and (iii) sale of the number of shares of the Company's common stock required to be sold to cover taxes on upcoming restricted stock unit and performance share vests.
- Cyril Perducat, Senior Vice President and Chief Technology Officer, adopted a Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement on May 30, 2025, that will terminate on the earlier of April 10, 2026, or the execution of all trades in the trading arrangement. Mr. Perducat's trading arrangement covers the sale of (i) the number of shares of the Company's common stock having a value of up to \$500,000, and (ii) the number of shares of the Company's common stock required to be sold to cover taxes on upcoming restricted stock unit and performance share vests.
- Terry Riesterer, Vice President, Global Finance Operations and Controller, adopted a Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement on May 30, 2025, that will terminate on the earlier of December 31, 2026, or the execution of all trades in the trading arrangement. Mr. Riesterer's trading arrangement covers (i) the sale of 800 shares of the Company's common stock, (ii) the exercise of 2,100 stock options and the sale of the underlying shares of the Company's common stock, and (iii) the sale of the number of shares of the Company's common stock required to be sold to cover taxes on upcoming restricted stock unit and performance share vests.
- Isaac Woods, Vice President and Treasurer, adopted a Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement on May 30, 2025, that will terminate on the earlier of January 31, 2026, or the execution of all trades in the trading arrangement. Mr. Wood's trading arrangement covers (i) the exercise of 365 stock options and the sale of the underlying shares of the Company's common stock, (ii) the sale of 250 shares of the Company's common stock, and (iii) the sale of the number of shares of the Company's common stock required to be sold to cover taxes on upcoming restricted stock unit and performance share vests.
- Matheus De A G Viera Bulho, Senior Vice President, Software and Controls, adopted a Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement on May 30, 2025, that will terminate on the earlier of April 2, 2026, or the expiration of all trades in the trading arrangement. Mr. Bulho's trading arrangement covers (i) the exercise of 5,528 stock options and the sale of the underlying shares of the Company's common stock, (ii) the sale of the shares of the Company's common stock remaining following the sale to cover taxes on the vesting of 776 restricted stock units on June 6, 2025, and (iii) the sale of the number of shares of the Company's common stock required to be sold to cover taxes on upcoming restricted stock unit and performance share vests.

For the arrangements above referencing transactions to sell shares to cover taxes on vests, the aggregate number of shares to be sold pursuant to each trading arrangement described above is dependent on the taxes on the applicable restricted stock unit and performance share vests, and, therefore, is indeterminable at this time.

During the quarter ended June 30, 2025, no director or officer of the Company adopted or terminated a "non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement," as defined in Item 408 of Regulation S-K, no director of the Company, other than Mr. Moret, adopted or terminated a Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement, and no officer of the Company terminated a Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement.

Item 6. Exhibits

(a) Exhibits:

Exhibit 32.2

Exhibit 10.1		\$500,000,000 364-Day Term Loan Agreement dated as of May 16, 2025, among the Company, the Banks listed on the signature pages thereto, Bank of America, N.A., as Administrative Agent, U.S. Bank National Association, as Syndication Agent, and The Toronto-Dominion Bank, New York Branch and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Documentation Agents, filed as Exhibit 99 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated May 19, 2025, is hereby incorporated by reference.
Exhibit 15	_	Letter of Deloitte & Touche LLP regarding Unaudited Financial Information.
Exhibit 31.1	_	Certification of Periodic Report by the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.
Exhibit 31.2	_	Certification of Periodic Report by the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.
Exhibit 32.1	_	Certification of Periodic Report by the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

Certification of Periodic Report by the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

Exhibit 101 — Interactive Data Files.

Exhibit 104 — Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101).

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

ROCKWELL AUTOMATION, INC. (Registrant)

August 6, 2025 By Date: /s/ CHRISTIAN E. ROTHE

> Christian E. Rothe Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

August 6, 2025 Ву /s/ TERRY L. RIESTERER Date:

Terry L. Riesterer Vice President and Controller (Principal Accounting Officer)

August 6, 2025

The Board of Directors and Shareowners of Rockwell Automation, Inc. 1201 South Second Street Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53204

We are aware that our report dated August 6, 2025, on our review of the interim financial information of Rockwell Automation, Inc. appearing in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2025, is incorporated by reference in Registration Statement Nos. 333-101780, 333-149581, 333-150019, 333-157203, 333-165727, 333-180557, 333-184400, 333-205022, 333-209706, 333-234642, and 333-236277 on Form S-8.

/s/ DELOITTE & TOUCHE LLP

Milwaukee, Wisconsin

CERTIFICATION

- I, Blake D. Moret, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Rockwell Automation, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 6, 2025

/s/ BLAKE D. MORET

Blake D. Moret President and Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION

- I, Christian E. Rothe, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Rockwell Automation, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 6, 2025

/s/ CHRISTIAN E. ROTHE

Christian E. Rothe Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

CERTIFICATION OF PERIODIC REPORT

- I, Blake D. Moret, President and Chief Executive Officer of Rockwell Automation, Inc. (the "Company"), certify pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, that:
 - (1) the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the quarter ended June 30, 2025 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
 - (2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: August 6, 2025

/s/ BLAKE D. MORET

Blake D. Moret President and Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION OF PERIODIC REPORT

- I, Christian E. Rothe, Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Rockwell Automation, Inc. (the "Company"), certify pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, that:
 - (1) the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the quarter ended June 30, 2025 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
 - (2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: August 6, 2025

/s/ CHRISTIAN E. ROTHE

Christian E. Rothe Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer